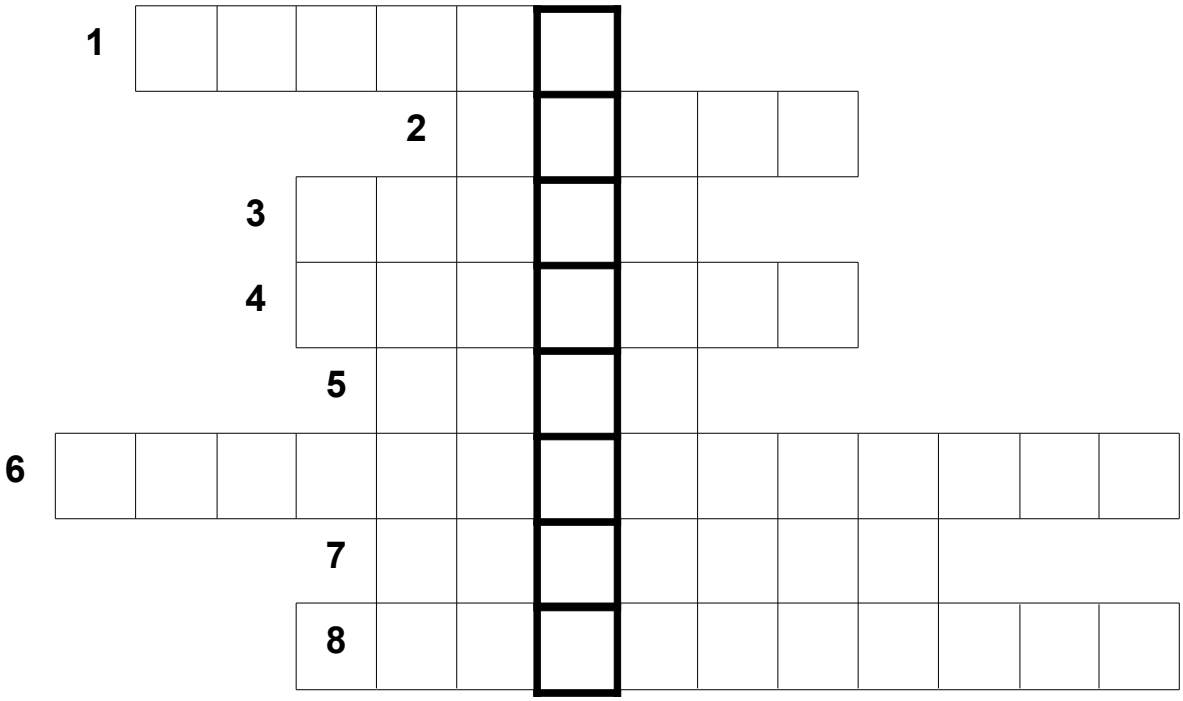
INSTRUMENTS OF THE ORCHESTRA 1

The answers to most of the clues are instruments of the orchestra. The answer to the second clue is the family of instruments to which they belong. The answer to the seventh clue is a style of music associated with this family of instrument.

If you answer each clue correctly and write the answers into the boxes reading across the page, the letters in the **bold** boxes read from top to bottom will tell you the name of the instrument in this family which is played using a slide to change the pitch of the notes. All the other instruments in this family are played using valves to change the pitch of the notes.



1. This instrument plays from music written in the treble clef. It looks like a fat trumpet but has a sweeter sound. It is usually found in brass bands and doesn't really belong in an orchestra.
2. The family to which these instruments belong.
3. The trombone sometimes plays music written in this clef. This word is also a type of male voice.
4. This is a loud, high-sounding instrument. It has been around for over 4,000 years, but has only had valves for about 200 years. Before that, it could only play a limited range of notes by the player changing the tension in their lips against the mouthpiece.
5. The largest, lowest-sounding member of the family. Orchestras usually only need one of these.
6. A smaller, higher-sounding version of the answer to 4. (two words 7,7)
7. A style of music often played by the answer to 4.
8. Mozart wrote a famous concerto for this instrument, which is mostly round to look at. The player holds it with one hand inside the bell (the flared end of the tube).